## **KETAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE (Ketalar) (B3)**

(Revised: May 2019)



TYPE:	Anae	sthetic agent [S8]
PRESENTATION:	200m	g in 2ml – vial
ACTIONS:	1. An 2. An 3. Ha 4. Do 5. Do sti	olex, multiple actions: algesic; sedative agent nnestic properties s bronchodilating properties les not tend to cause respiratory depression les not tend to cause hypotension (via sympathetic mulation), unless catecholamine depleted (e.g. shock) t of action is rapid: IV = 1 – 2 min; IM = 3 – 5 min.
USES:	ICP ICP	<ol> <li>Pain management, especially in patients who are hypotensive or unable to have narcotics, and if no other alternative is available</li> <li>Particularly useful for trapped patients with limb injuries, especially if BP is borderline for narcotics</li> <li>Adjunct to morphine or fentanyl, with alternating doses</li> <li>Pharmacological intervention for combative/agitated patients, especially with suspected psycho-stimulant use</li> <li>Initial pharmacological intervention for combative/agitated patients, who are an immediate danger to themselves or others</li> <li>Sedation to manage airway, RSI, sedation of a previously intubated patient</li> </ol>
		a previously intubated patient
ADVERSE EFFECTS:	2. Hy 3. Em 4. Mi 5. Re 6. Hy	ryngospasm  persalivation  nergence reactions  uscle twitching and purposeless movements  spiratory depression → apnoea  potension if given too rapidly to a hypovolaemic  tient

continues over

## **KETAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE** (*Ketalar*) (B3) – cont.



# CONTRA-INDICATIONS:

- 1. Known sensitivity
- 2. Active cardiac disease (myocardial ischaemia, LVF, uncontrolled hypertension) (not applicable when used for RSI or to maintain sedation for ETT)
- 3. Children < 1 year old

## PRECAUTION: \*\*SHOCKED PATIENT\*\*

When using ketamine for any indication (e.g. RSI, sedation, pain, etc.) in a shocked, catecholamine-depleted patient, **consider a smaller dose** than the full weight-based dose, and be mindful that **onset of actions will be prolonged** (i.e. consider delaying subsequent dose/s to give the first dose/s a chance to work).

### **DOSES:**

### See DOSE CHART below

#### **NOTES:**

- for analgesia only: ketamine can be used with alternating doses of morphine and/or fentanyl
- to maintain ETT and level of sedation: ketamine may be used with alternating doses of midazolam, if ketamine alone is inadequate

### **SPECIAL NOTES:**

- Patients who have received ketamine may still have a significant awareness, despite an appearance of unconsciousness. They may be able to hear and have some recall. Patients should be advised that they will experience strange / unusual sensations.
- Patients who become agitated may be managed with small repeat doses of midazolam.
- Ketamine is a Controlled Medicine. Use must be checked by both crew members. Under the *Medicines, Poisons & Therapeutic Goods Act and Regulations 2008*, recording and accounting for its use is a legal requirement.
- The unused portion of the dose must be appropriately disposed of and the disposal recorded.

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## **KETAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE** (*Ketalar*) (B3) – cont.



## **DOSES:**

## **KETAMINE DOSE CHART – for pain management**

	INITIAL IV	REPEAT IV	INITIAL IM	REPEAT IM	PREVIOUS OPIATES / HAEMODYNAMIC COMPROMISE
	Up to 1mg/kg Increments of up to 20mg at intervals of 30 – 60 seconds	After 5 – 10 minutes; increments of up to 20mg as before. No upper limits.	1mg/kg	After 5 – 10 minutes; 1mg/kg	IV: up to 10mg increments as before IM: 0.5mg/kg
	Up to 1mg/kg Increments of up to 10mg at intervals of 30 – 60 seconds	After 5 – 10 mins; increments of up to 10mg as before. No upper limits.	0.5mg/kg	After 5 – 10 minutes; 0.5mg/kg	IV: up to 5mg increments as before IM: 0.25mg/kg
	Up to 1mg/kg Increments of up to 10mg at intervals of 30 – 60 seconds	After 5 – 10 minutes; increments of up to 10mg as before. No upper limits.	0.5mg/kg	After 5 – 10 minutes; 0.5mg/kg	IV: up to 5mg increments as before IM: 0.25mg/kg
Paediatric (<20kg)	Up to 1mg/kg Increments of up to 5mg at intervals of 30 – 60 seconds	After 5 – 10 minutes; increments of up to 5mg as before. No upper limits.	0.5mg/kg	After 5 – 10 minutes; 0.5mg/kg	IV: up to 2.5mg increments as before IM: 0.25mg/kg

## continues over

## **KETAMINE HYDROCHLORIDE** (*Ketalar*) (B3) – cont.



### DOSES - cont.:

## **COMBATIVE / AGITATED PATIENTS**

## **ADULT / PAEDIATRIC:**

ICP

When used as the first line agent: Up to 4mg/kg IM injection When used as the second line agent: Up to 2mg/kg IM / IV / IO

For all regimes: repeat as required.

All IV doses are to be given slowly, over 30 seconds.

Reduce dose by half following droperidol use (i.e. up to 1mg/kg IM / IV / IO)

## **ADULT ONLY:**

Initial treatment of combative / agitated patients who are an immediate danger to themselves or others:

AP

200mg IM injection. (Reduce dose to 100mg IM injection with age >65 years, or with general debility).

Repeat: 1mg/kg IM injection (after 5 minutes, if required).

#### WHEN USED WITH SUXAMETHONIUM

ADULT:

ICP

1mg/kg fast push IV or IO

PAEDIATRIC:

Not used – there is no paediatric RSI

## FOR INTUBATION WHEN SUXAMETHONIUM CONTRAINDICATED

ADULT:

**ICP** 

2mg/kg fast push IV or IO

PAEDIATRIC:

Not used – there is no paediatric RSI

## TO MAINTAIN SEDATION POST INTUBATION

**ADULT / PAEDIATRIC:** 

**ICP** 

1mg/kg IV or IO at 1 – 5 minute intervals titrated to effect

## **Recommended dilutions:**

ADULT IV: 200mg diluted up to 10ml = 20mg/ml

ADULT IM: 100mg diluted up to 2ml. Discard excess dose before IM use.

**ELDERLY pt IV:** 100mg diluted to 10ml = 10mg/ml

ELDERLY pt IM: 100mg diluted up to 2ml. Discard excess dose before IM use.

CHILDREN IV: 50mg diluted to 10ml = 5mg/ml

CHILDREN IM: 50mg diluted to 2ml. Discard excess dose before IM use.