CMG 12 – UPPER AIRWAY OBSTRUCTION

(Revised: August 2015)



(a) FOREIGN BODY

COMPLETE OBSTRUCTION – conscious patient		
ICP	Up to five back blows	AP
ICP	If fails: up to five chest thrusts (if possible, position with head down to utilise gravity)	AP
ICP	If fails: repeat the sequence above as required	AP
ICP	If fails: urgent transport and 100% oxygen	AP

	PARTIAL OBSTRUCTION		
ICP	Maximise oxygen therapy	AP	
ICP	Encourage coughing	AP	
ICP	Prompt transport	AP	
ICP	Minimum intervention	AP	

	COMPLETE OBSTRUCTION – unconscious patient	
ICP	Start CPR / arrest management if required	AP
ICP	Up to five chest thrusts (supine position)	AP
ICP	Extricate foreign body with laryngoscope and Magills forceps	AP
ICP	If fails: implement Intubation Algorithm (CMG 3b) (consider moving directly to surgical airway)	
ICP	If no alternative, continue chest thrusts (supine position) as appropriate	AP
ICP	Notify hospital and urgent transport – 100% oxygen	AP

	OBSTRUCTION RELIEVED	
ICP	Provide oxygen therapy	AP
ICP	Prompt transport	AP

continues over

CMG 12 (cont) – UPPER AIRWAY OBSTRUCTION



(b) SWELLING

Causes of upper airway swelling:

- croup / epiglottitis
- trauma

insect sting

• oral / pharyngeal infection

anaphylaxis

• burns

ICP	Maximise oxygenation	AP
ICP	Consider the need for advanced	
	airway management (e.g. RSI) early	
ICP	Do not attempt to examine the mouth / throat area	AP
ICP	Do not unnecessarily distress the patient	AP
ICP	If severely obstructed: nebulised adrenaline	AP
ICP	Prompt transport	AP
If swelling is due to anaphylaxis or local insect sting:		
ICP	IM adrenaline	AP
ICP	(consider IV adrenaline infusion)	
Com	olete airway obstruction:	
ICP	Give 100% oxygen and attempt IPPV	AP
ICP	Urgent transport and notify hospital	AP
ICP	Implement Intubation Algorithm (CMG 3b) (consider moving directly to surgical airway)	

(c) LARYNGOSPASM

Laryngospasm is most commonly transient and self-resolving.

Give basics a chance to work.

ICP	Position supine	AP
	Firm jaw thrust	7
	100% oxygen	
ICP	If not resolved:	AP
	IPPV with PEEP	
ICP	If not resolved (and continuing signs of hypoxia):	
	Rapid Sequence Intubation (RSI) (CMG 3a)	
	(including Intubation Algorithm – CMG 3b)	